



37. Which of the following best explains the changes in immigration patterns reflected in the chart above?
- The Depression resulted in a massive wave of Canadian emigration.
  - After World War I ended, the Austrian and Hungarian economies improved.
  - Between 1920 and 1930, Congress passed immigration restrictions that discriminated against southern and eastern Europeans.
  - During the years represented on the chart, relations between the United States and Germany improved greatly.
  - Between the years 1900 and 1910, the Italian government instituted a number of measures restricting emigration.
38. All of the following contributed to the spirit of isolationism in the United States during the 1930s EXCEPT
- disclosures that munitions manufacturers had lobbied for American involvement in World War I, then profited heavily from the war
  - a foreign policy tradition that could be traced to Washington's Farewell Address
  - a universal lack of awareness of the goals of the Third Reich
  - memories of the cost, both in financial terms and in human life, of participation in World War I
  - the desire to focus resources on recovery from the Depression rather than on strengthening the military
39. Jack Kerouac's *On the Road* and *The Dharma Bums* articulated the ideals of
- the silent majority
  - the "lost generation"
  - Middle America
  - the Beat generation
  - conservative academics
40. Legislation and executive orders associated with the Great Society created all of the following EXCEPT
- the Works Progress Administration
  - the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
  - Medicare
  - the Department of Housing and Urban Development
  - Project Head Start
41. Which of the following most accurately describes the system of indentured service in the Chesapeake settlement during the seventeenth century?
- Indentured servants were slaves for life; however, their children were born free and could own property.
  - Most indentured servants were lured by the promise of freedom and property upon completion of their service.
  - Most indentured servants were convicted criminals sentenced to servitude in the New World.
  - The vast majority of indentured servants died within two years of arriving in the New World.
  - Indentured servants were not protected under colonial law.

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42. The Northwest Ordinance of 1787 was a significant achievement because it
- (A) laid claim to all of North America east of the Mississippi River
  - (B) represented one of the rare successes of diplomacy between the United States government and American Indians
  - (C) defined the process by which territories could become states
  - (D) opened all territories west of the states to slavery
  - (E) was the only piece of legislation to pass through Congress under the Articles of Confederation
43. The rapid growth of American towns in the 1920s and 1930s was made possible primarily by the
- (A) invention of the steam locomotive
  - (B) greater access to information provided by radio and television
  - (C) mass production of automobiles
  - (D) end of open-range cattle ranching
  - (E) advent of electric lighting
44. Reform movements during the first half of the nineteenth century attempted to accomplish all of the following EXCEPT
- (A) convince people not to drink alcohol
  - (B) widen the division between church and state
  - (C) rehabilitate criminals
  - (D) induce humane treatment for the insane
  - (E) bring about an end to slavery
- “The price which society pays for the law of competition...is great; but the advantages of this law are also greater.... [W]hether the law be benign or not, we must say of it: It is here; we cannot evade it;...it is best for the race, because it ensures the survival of the fittest in every department.”
45. The above passage is characteristic of
- (A) Calvinism
  - (B) Social Darwinism
  - (C) Progressivism
  - (D) cultural pluralism
  - (E) egalitarianism
46. The United States army supported Panama’s 1903 war of independence against Colombia primarily because
- (A) the United States was sympathetic to the rebels’ democratic ideals
  - (B) the Monroe Doctrine required the United States to support all wars of independence in the Western Hemisphere
  - (C) Colombia was asking too high a price for control of the projected Atlantic-Pacific canal
  - (D) the success of Panama’s rebellion would have lowered sugar prices in the United States considerably
  - (E) the Colombian government was guilty of numerous human-rights violations in Panama
47. All of the following were elements of Henry Clay’s American System EXCEPT
- (A) protective tariffs on imports
  - (B) the establishment of the Second Bank of the United States
  - (C) the construction of the National Road and other roadways
  - (D) the creation of large numbers of federal jobs in areas with unemployment problems
  - (E) incentives to develop manufacturing and interstate trade
48. Which of the following is true about the internment of those Japanese living in the United States during World War II?
- (A) The majority of those confined were native-born Americans.
  - (B) Many of those relocated were known dissidents.
  - (C) Only 2,000 Japanese Americans were relocated.
  - (D) Congress passed a law requiring the relocation of all aliens during the war.
  - (E) Those who were relocated eventually recovered their homes and possessions.

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